

Timer/Counter

MIAT STM32 Development Kit

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Declared Version

Training Only

Declare

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Platform	■ MIAT STM32F10x EVB ■ MIAT IOB
Peripheral	■ Text LCD ■ LED
Author	■ Wu-Yang
Key Word	STM32F10x, Timer, Counter



實驗目的

嵌入式系統中Timer / Counter是相當常用的功能，本章將介紹瞭解ARM Cortex-M3 Timer / Counter，並使讀者瞭解其使用方式。

實做重點

- 控制4個timer產生4個不同的時間訊號
- 控制1個timer的4個channel產生4個不同的時間訊號
- 設計一個簡易碼錶



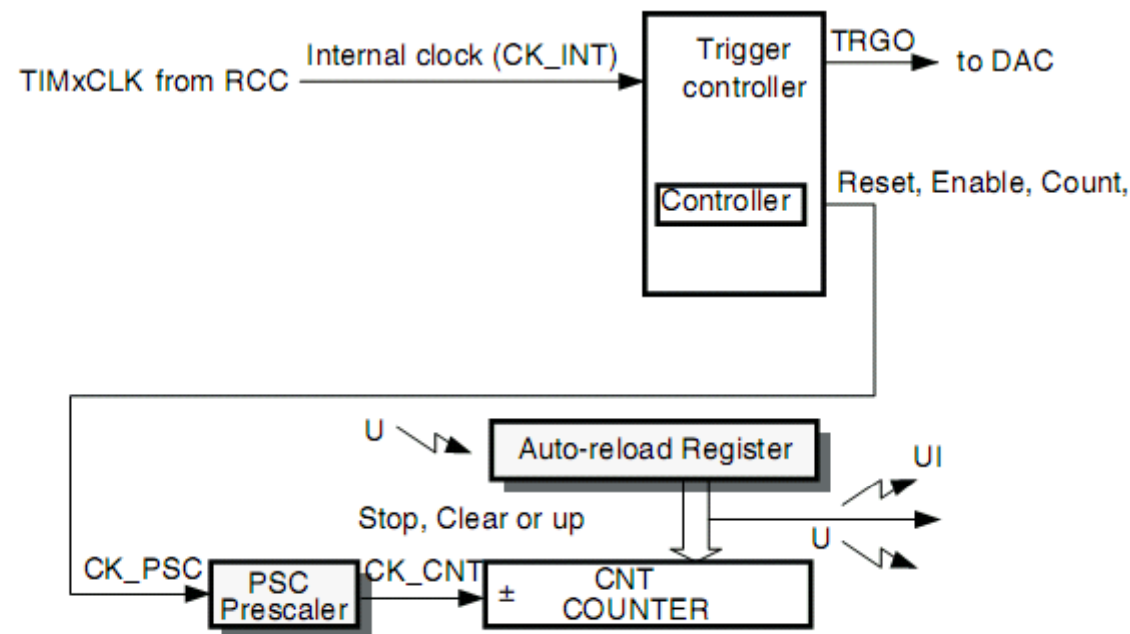
實驗原理

- Introduction ARM Cortex-M3 Timer
 - Development Flow
 - ARM Configure
-



Basic timer Feature Overview

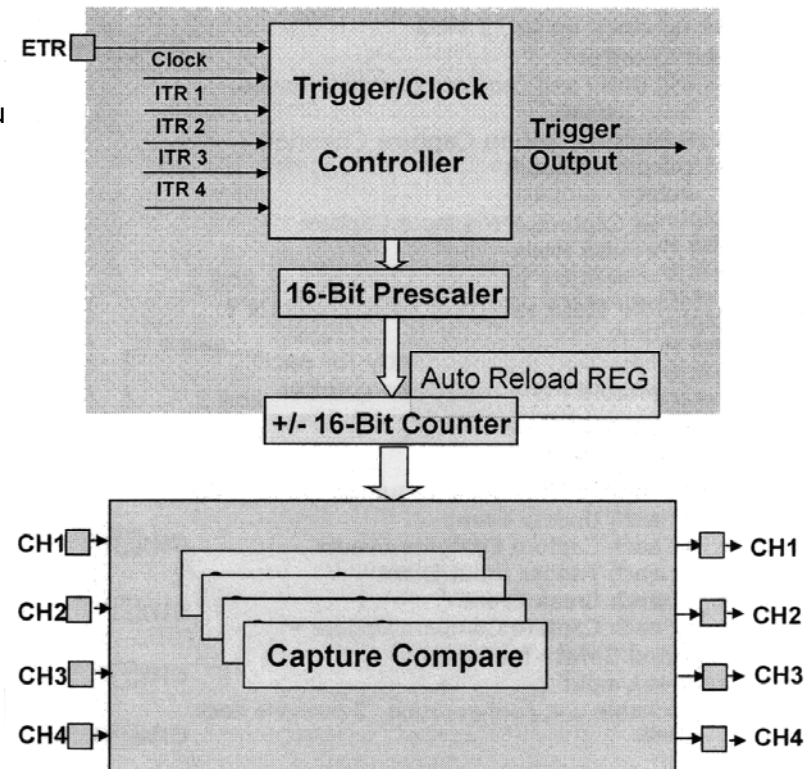
- ❑ TIM 6, 47 on Low Speed APB(APB1)
- ❑ Internal clock up to 72Mhz
- ❑ 16-bit auto-reload upcounter
- ❑ 16-bit programmable prescaler used to divide the counter clock
- ❑ Synchronization circuit to trigger the DAC
- ❑ Interrupt/DMA generation on the update event: counter overflow





General Purpose timer Feature Overview

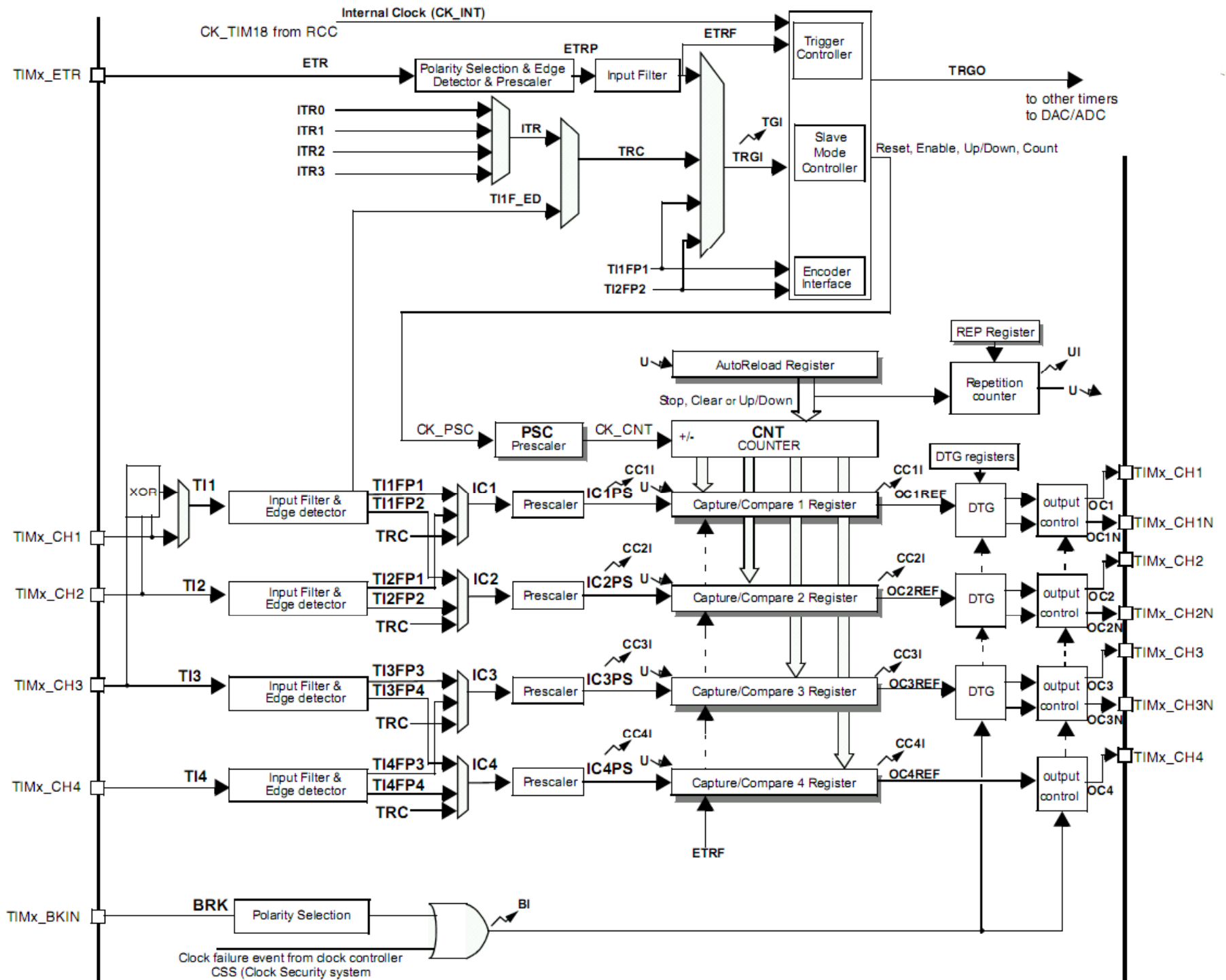
- ❑ TIM2, 3, 4 on Low Speed APB(APB1)
- ❑ Internal clock up to 72Mhz
- ❑ 16bit Counter
 - ✓ Up, Down, centered counting mode
 - ✓ Auto Reload
- ❑ 4 x 16 High resolution Capture Channels
 - ✓ Programmable direction of the channel input
 - ✓ Output Compare
 - ✓ PWM
 - ✓ Input Capture, PWM Input Capture
 - ✓ One Pulse Mode
- ❑ Synchronization
 - ✓ Timer Master/Slave
 - ✓ Triggered or gated mode
- ❑ Encoder Interface
- ❑ 6 Independent IRQ/DMA Request generation
 - ✓ At each Update Event
 - ✓ At each Capture Compare Events
 - ✓ At each Input Trigger





Advanced control timer Feature Overview

- ❑ TIM1, 8 on High Speed APB(APB2)
- ❑ Complementary Outputs with programmable dead-time
- ❑ Break input to put the timer's output signals in reset state or in a known state.





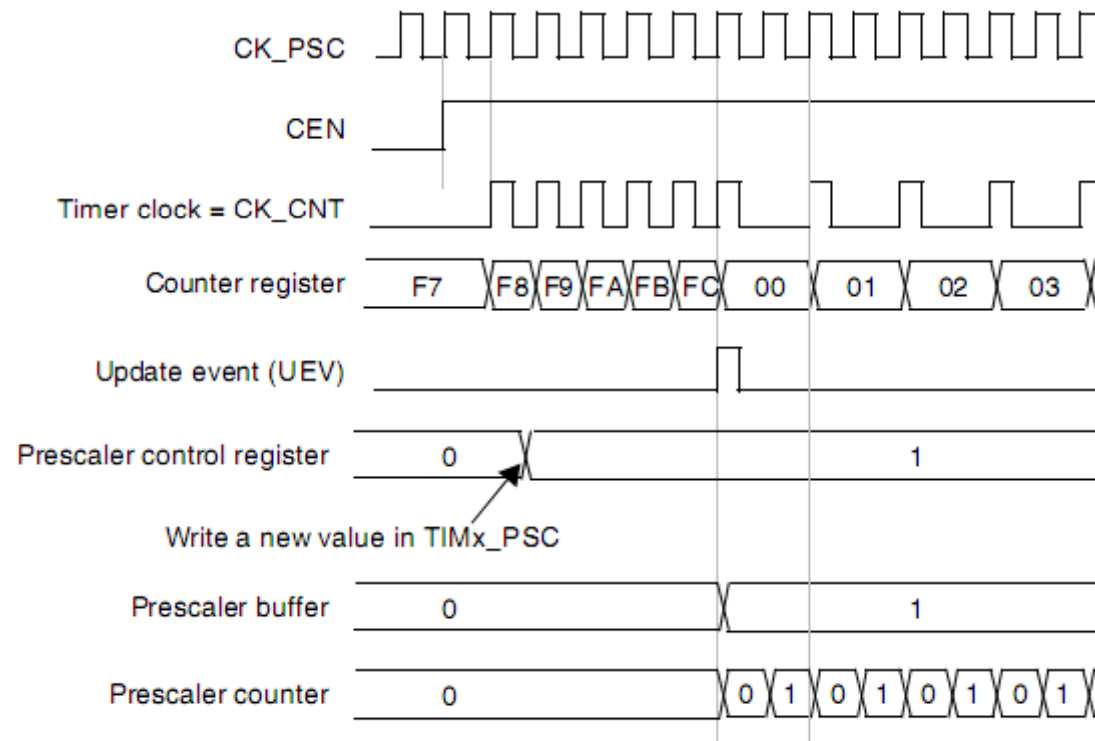
Time-base unit

- ❑ Counter register (TIMx_CNT)
- ❑ Prescaler register (TIMx_PSC)
- ❑ Auto-reload register (TIMx_ARR)
- ❑ Repetition counter register (TIMx_RCR)



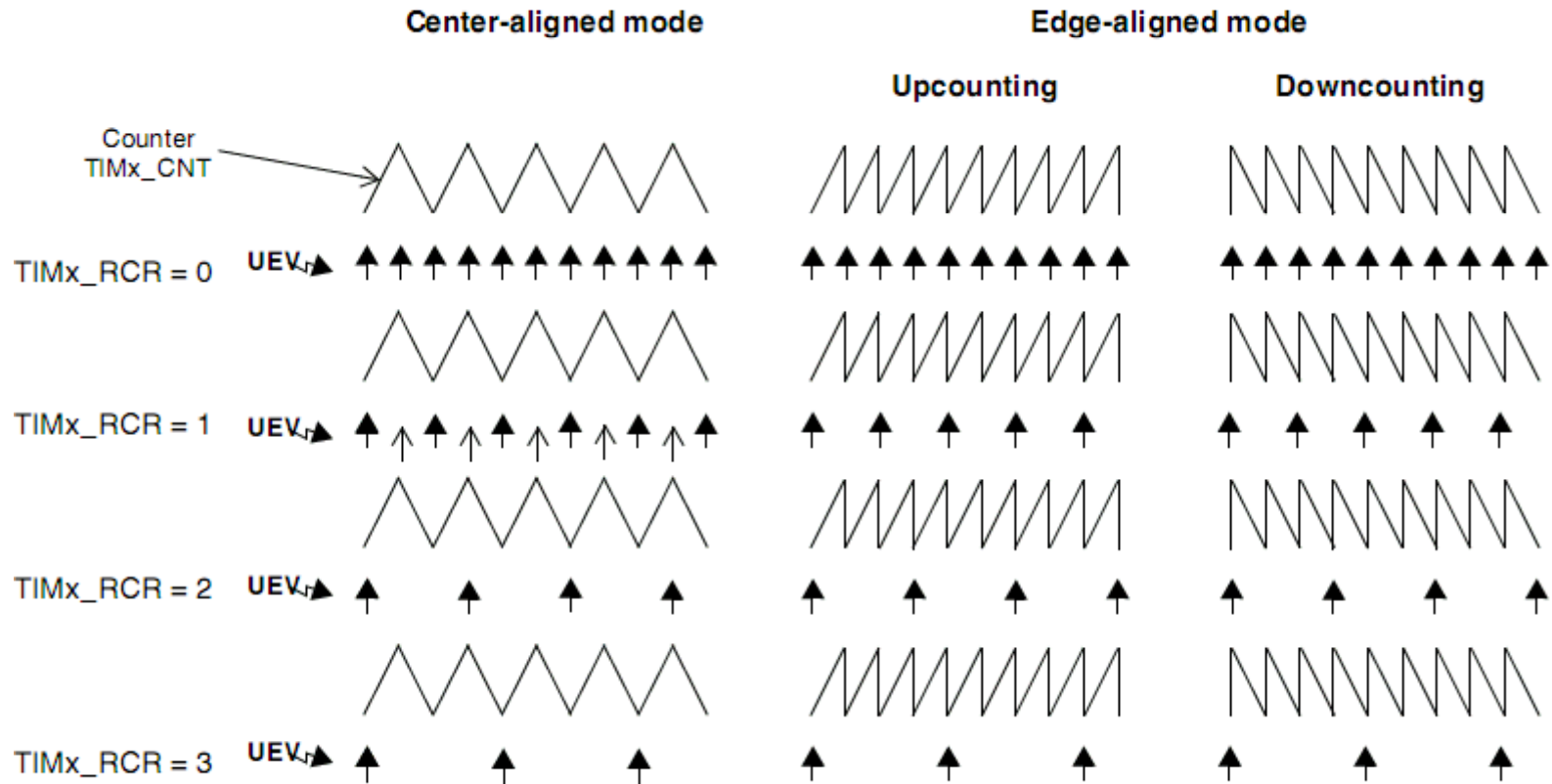
Prescaler register

Counter timing diagram with prescaler division change from 1 to 2



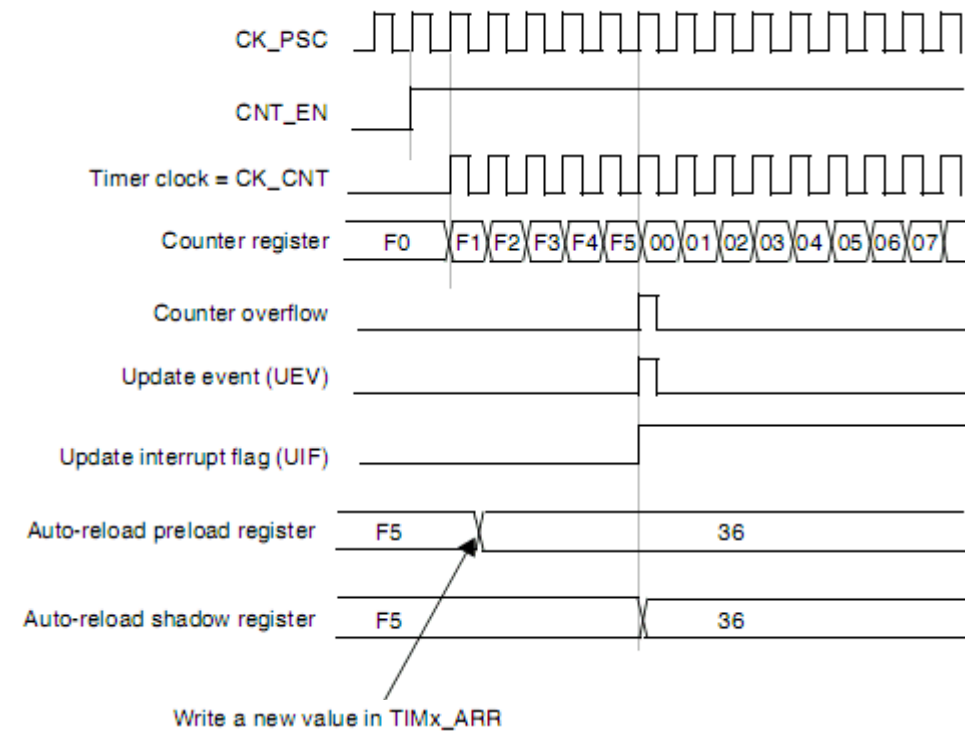
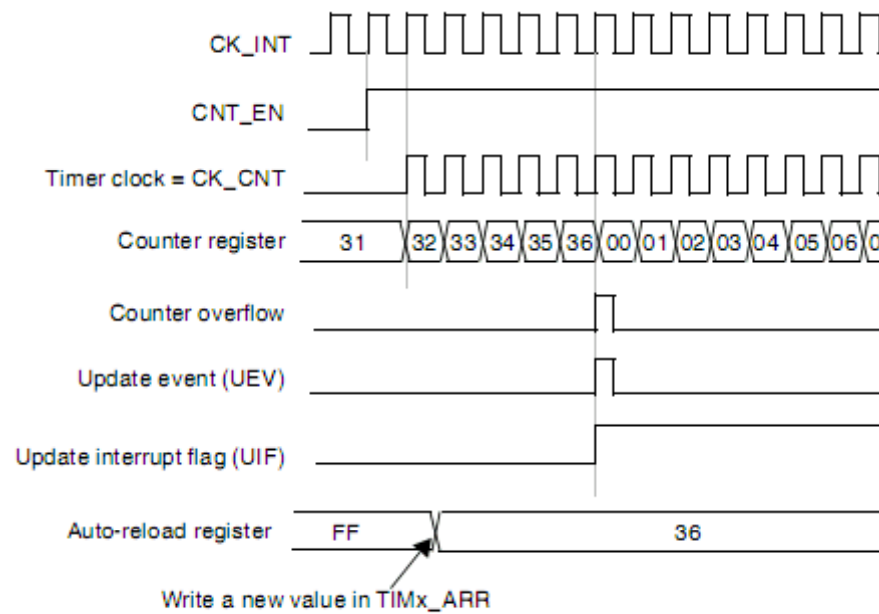


Counter modes





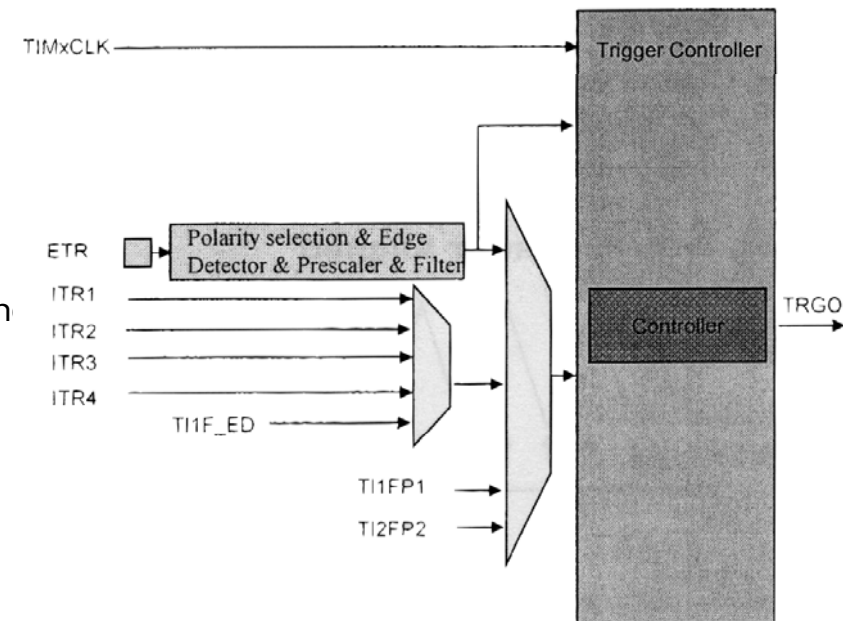
Auto-reload register buffer





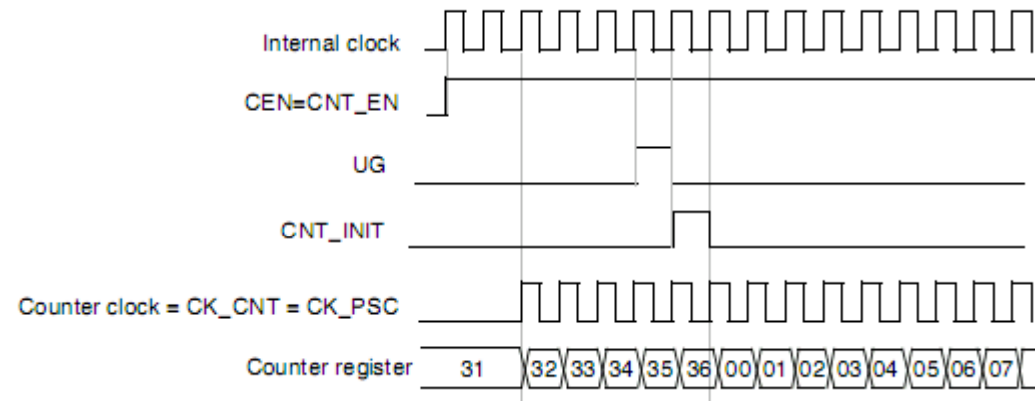
Clock selection

- Clock can be selected out of 8 sources
 - ✓ Internal clock TIMxCLK Provided by the RCC
 - ✓ External pin ETR
 - Enable/Disable bit
 - Programmable polarity
 - 4 Bits External Trigger filter
 - External Trigger Prescaler
 - Prescaler off
 - Division by 2
 - Division by 4
 - Division by 8
 - ✓ Internal Trigger input 1 to 4:
 - ITR1, 2, 3, 4
 - Using one timer as prescaler for an
 - ✓ External Capture Compare pins
 - TI1F_ED
 - TI1FP1, TI2FP2



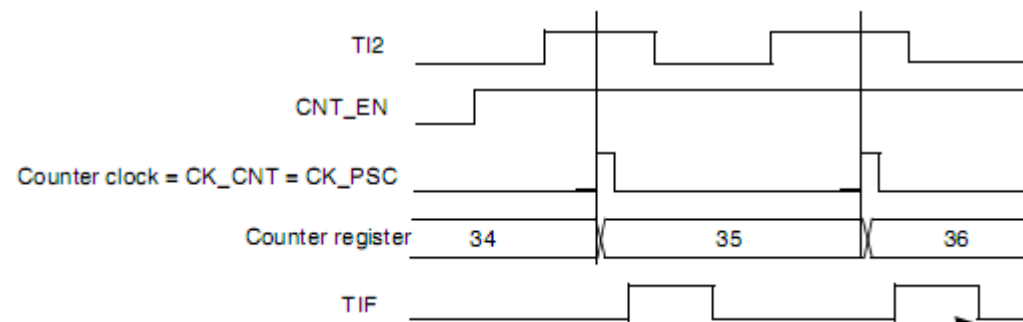
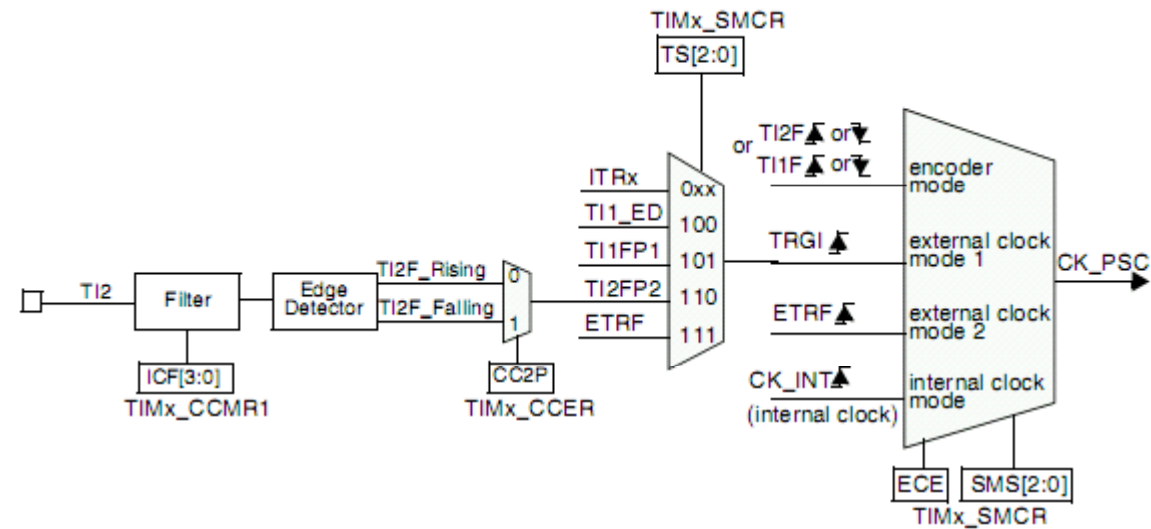


Internal clock source





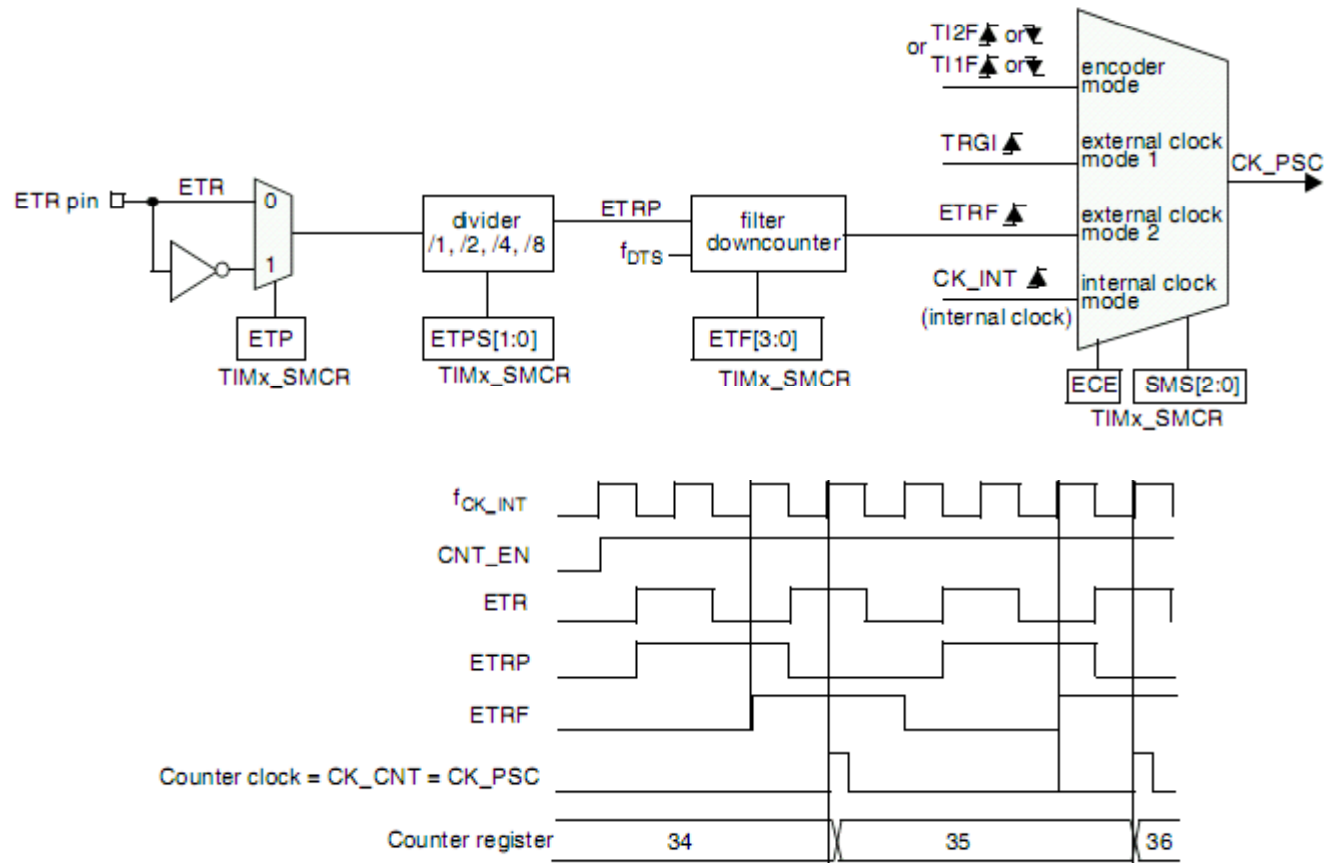
External clock source mode 1



Write TIF=0



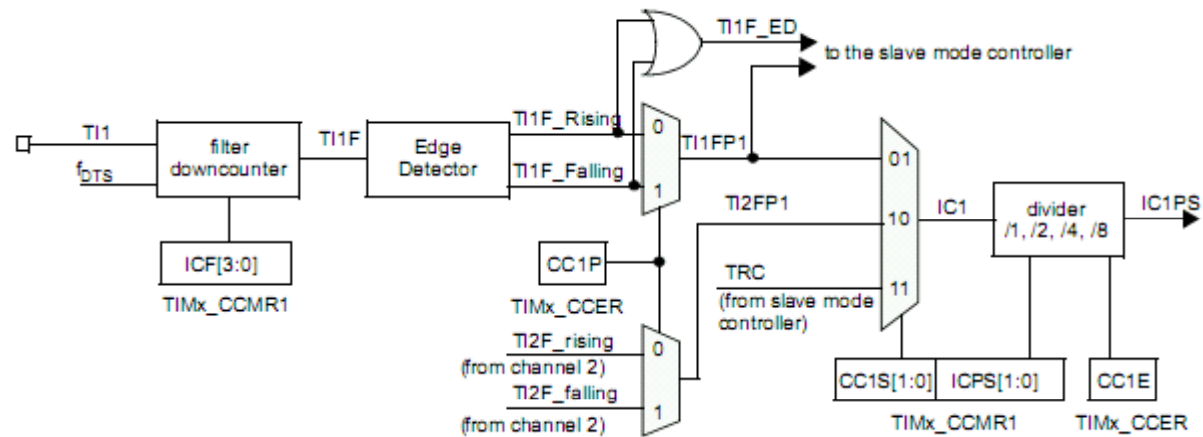
External clock source mode 2





Capture/compare channels

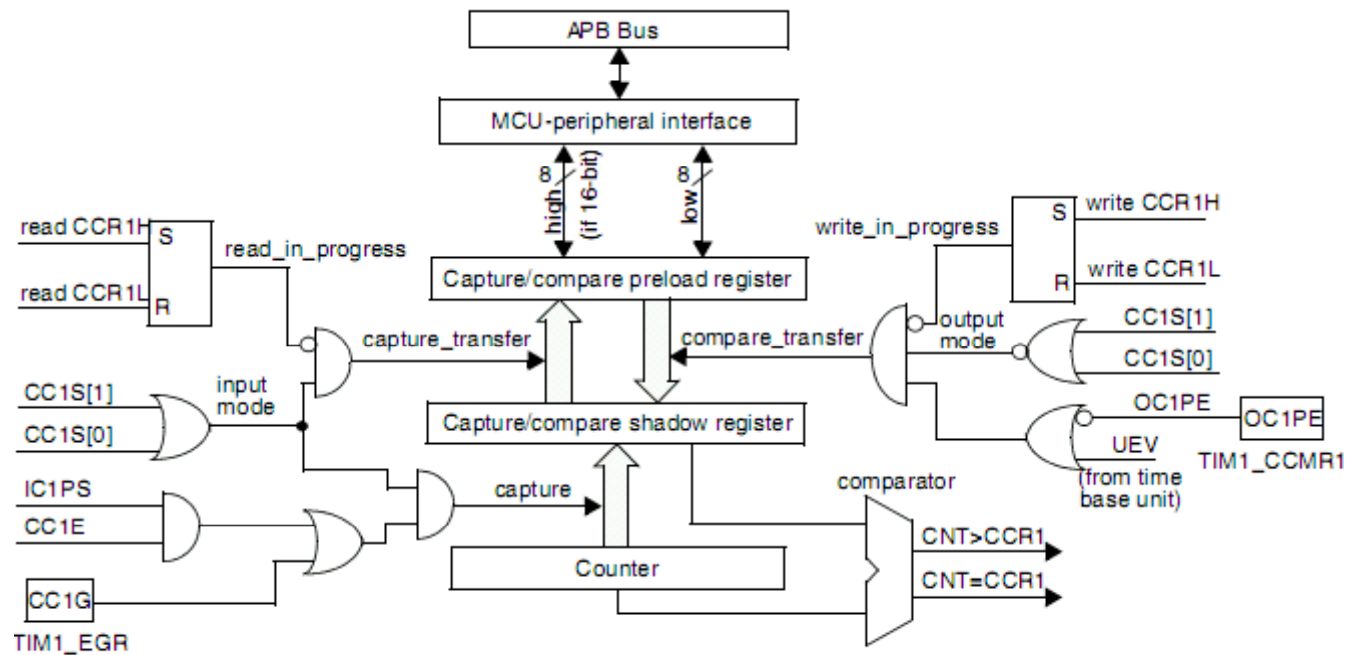
- Capture/compare channel (example: channel 1 input stage)





Capture/compare channels(Cont.)

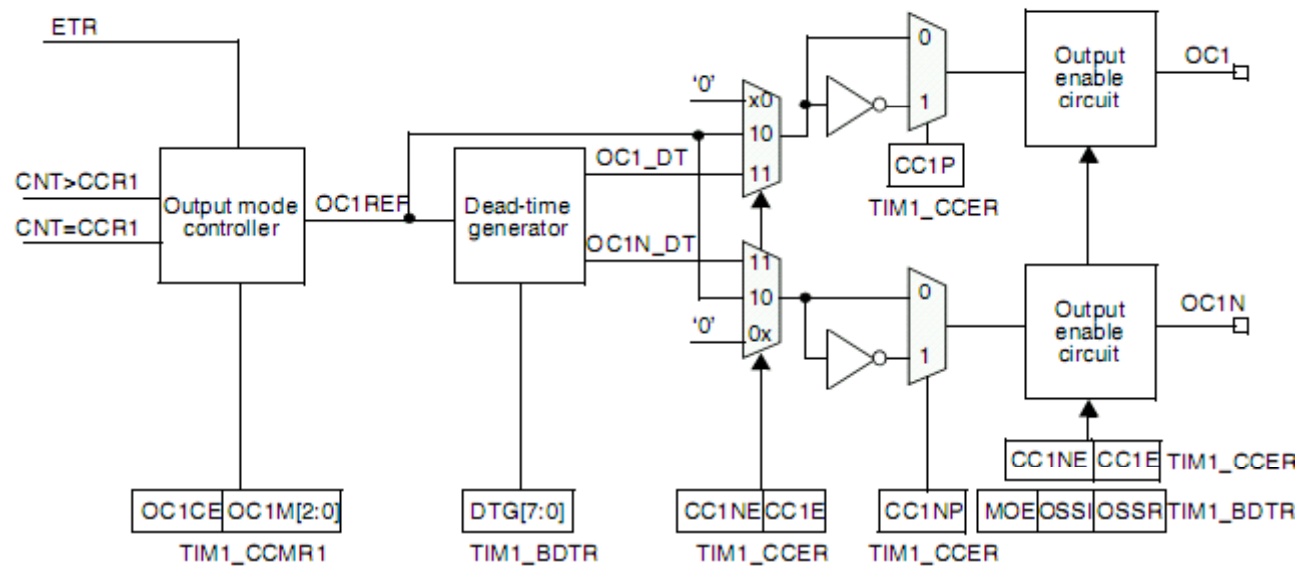
- Capture/compare channel 1 main circuit





Capture/compare channels(Cont.)

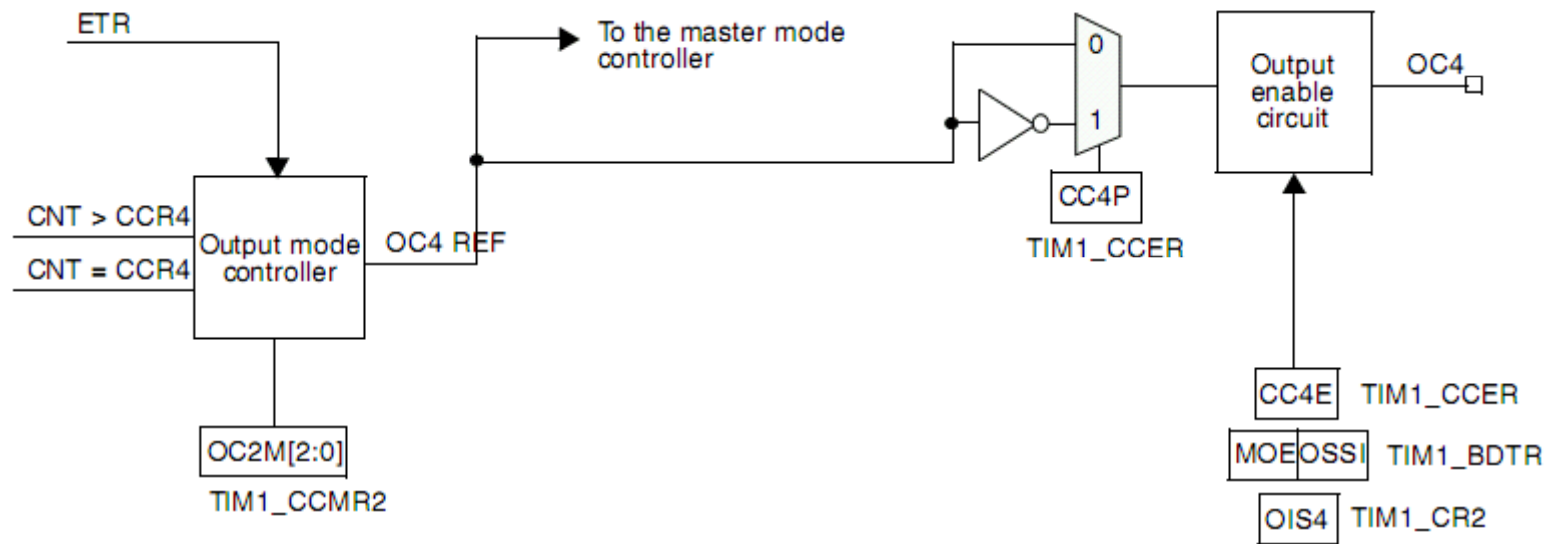
- Output stage of capture/compare channel 1~3





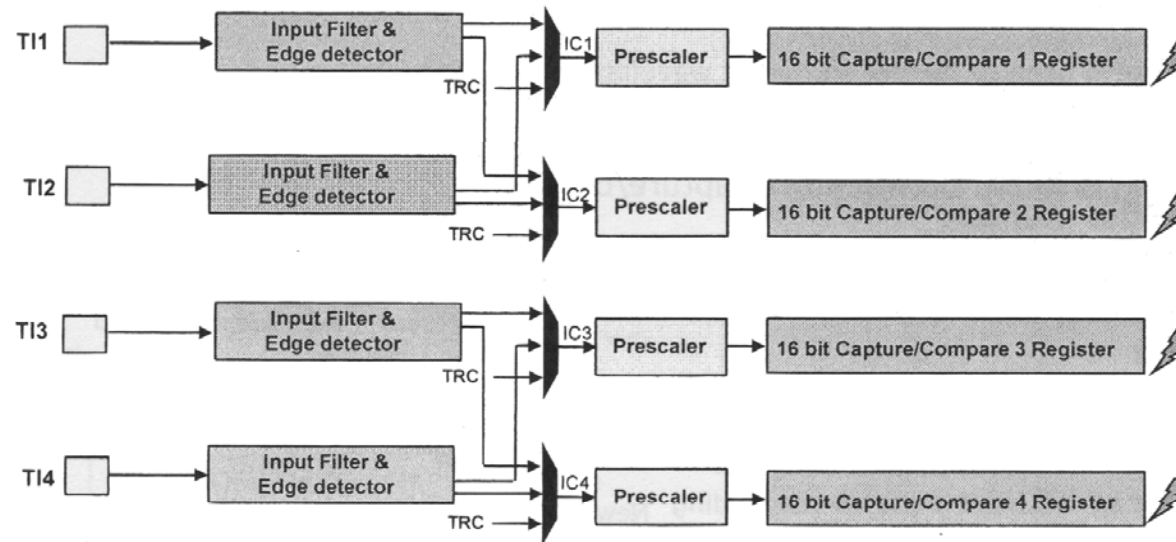
Capture/compare channels(Cont.)

- Output stage of capture/compare channel 4



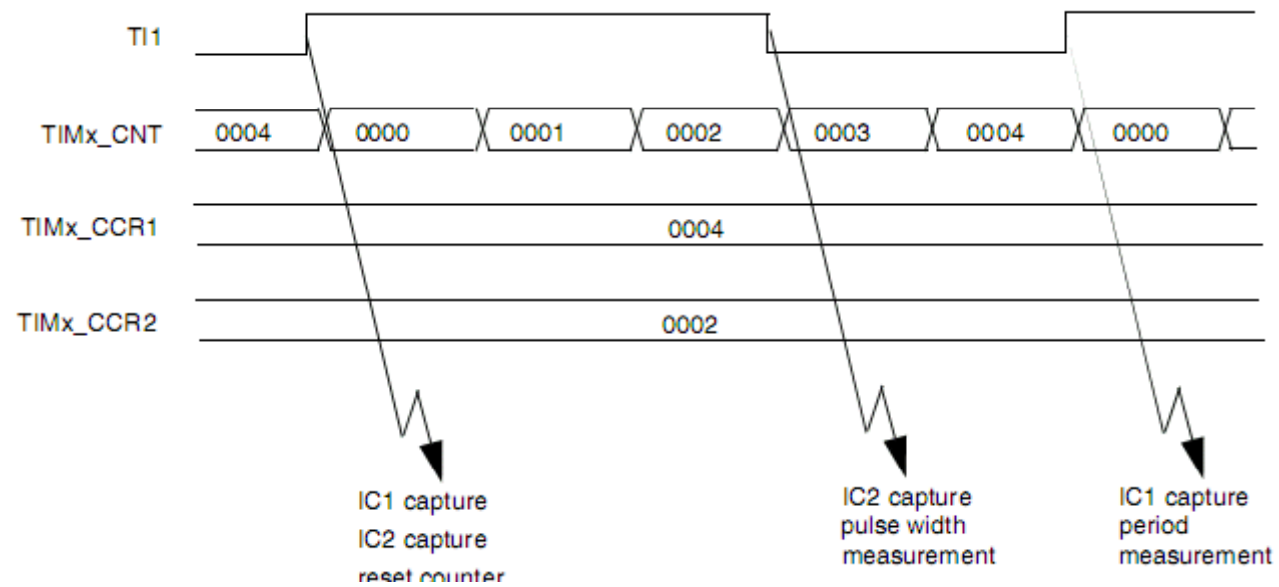


Input capture mode



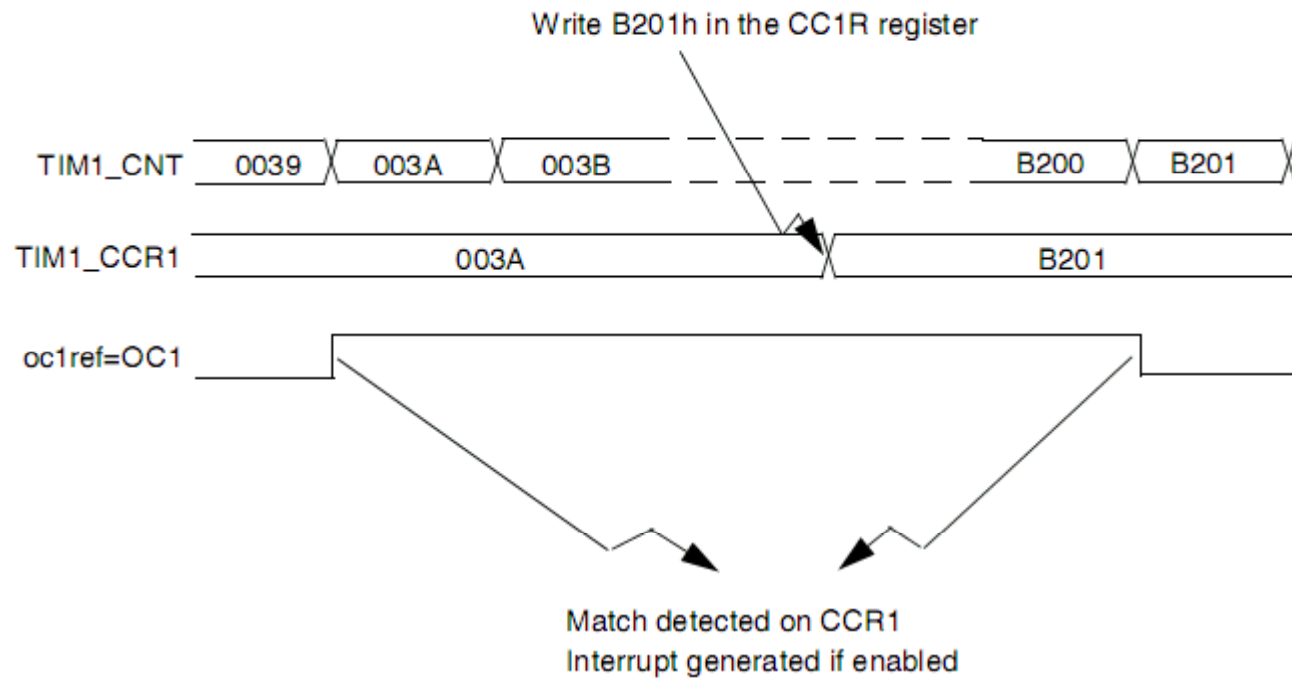


PWM input mode





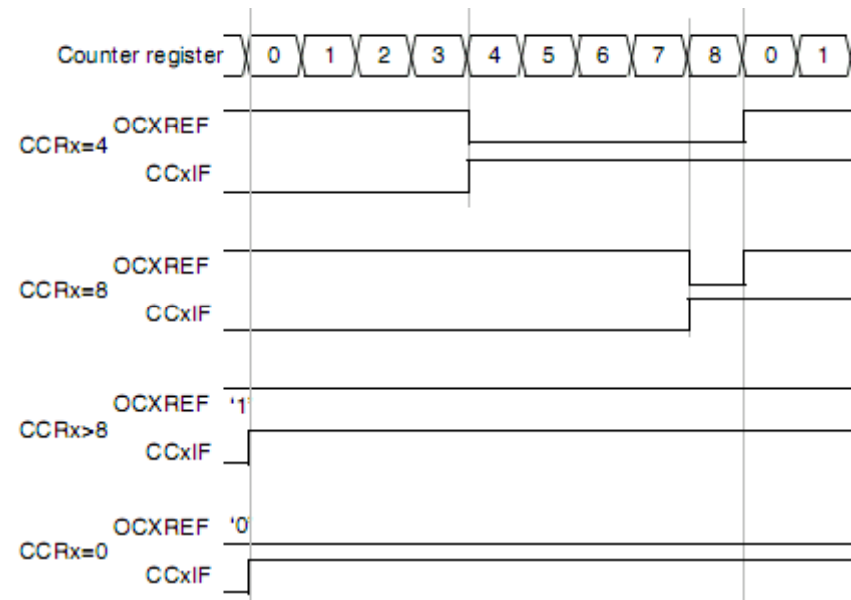
Output compare mode





PWM mode

- PWM edge-aligned mode

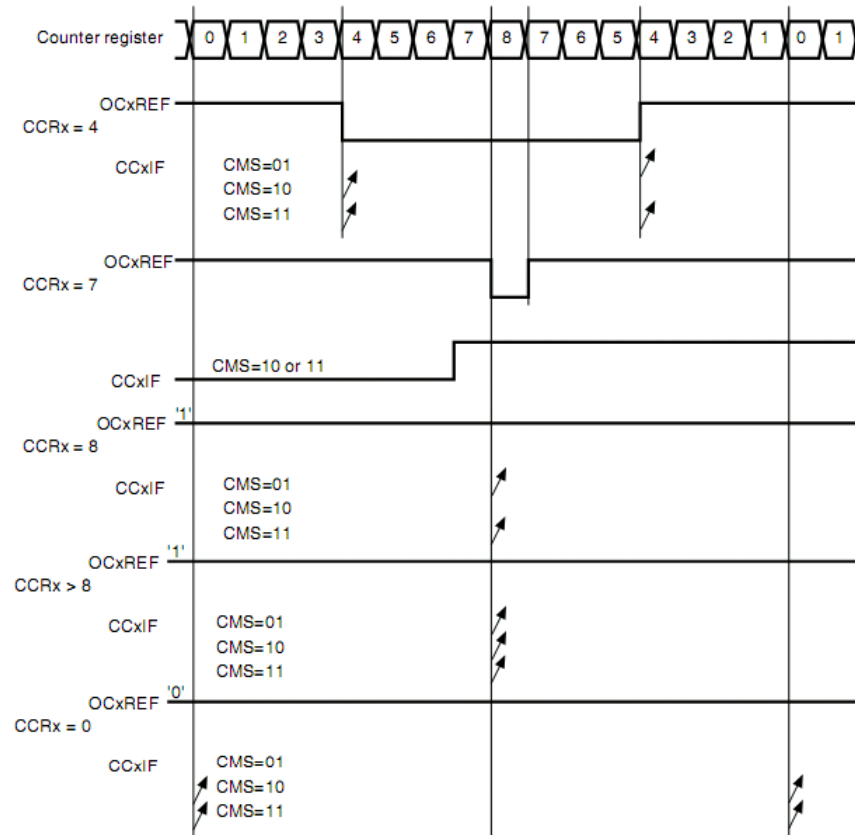


Edge-aligned PWM waveforms (ARR=8)



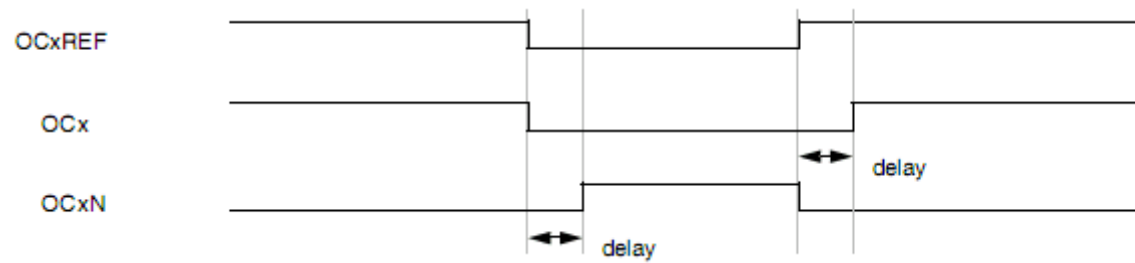
PWM mode(cont.)

□ PWM center-aligned mode

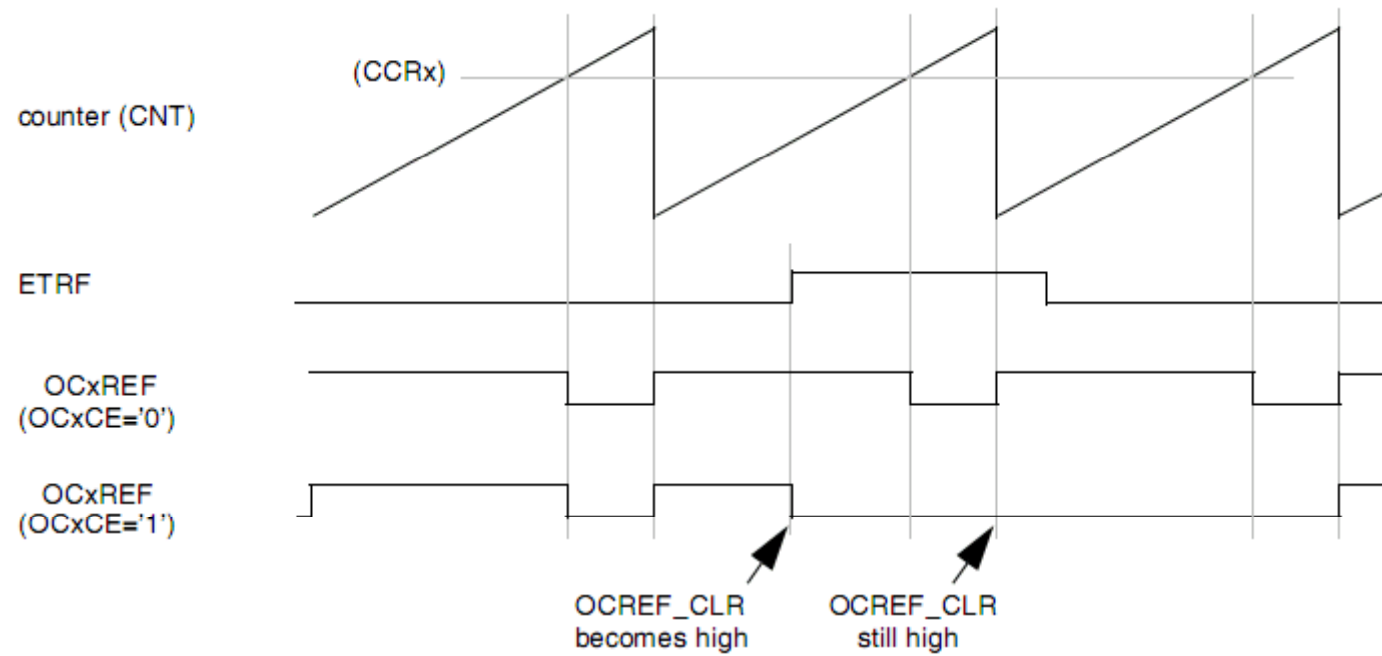


Center-aligned PWM waveforms (ARR=8)

Complementary outputs and dead-time insertion

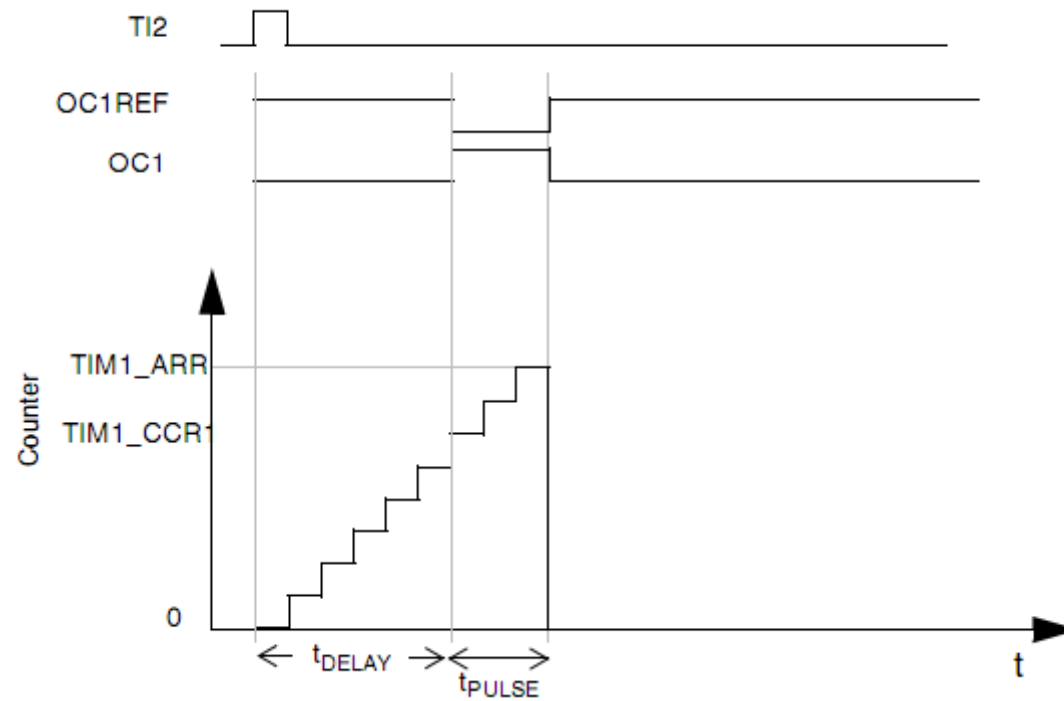


Clearing the OCxREF signal on an external event



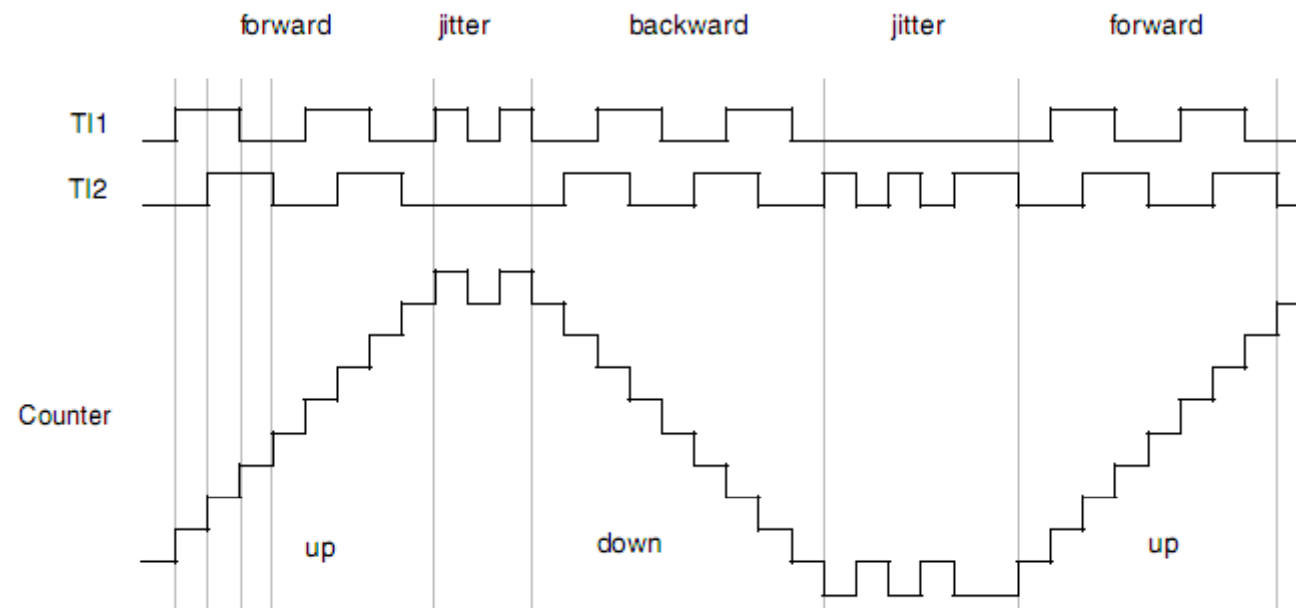


One-pulse mode





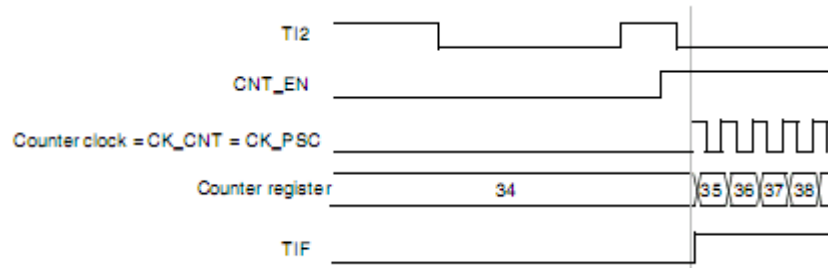
Encoder interface mode



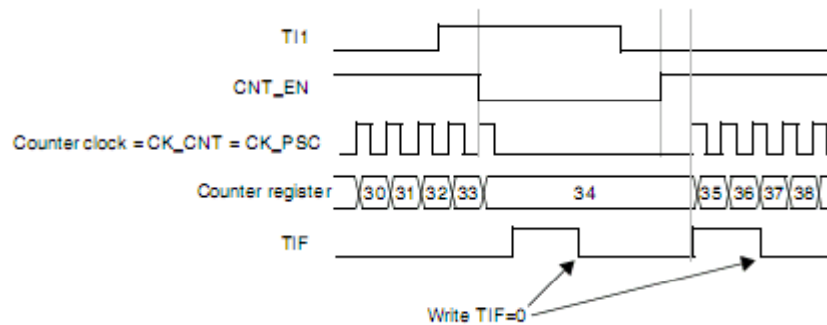
Timers and external trigger synchronization



- Slave mode: Trigger mode



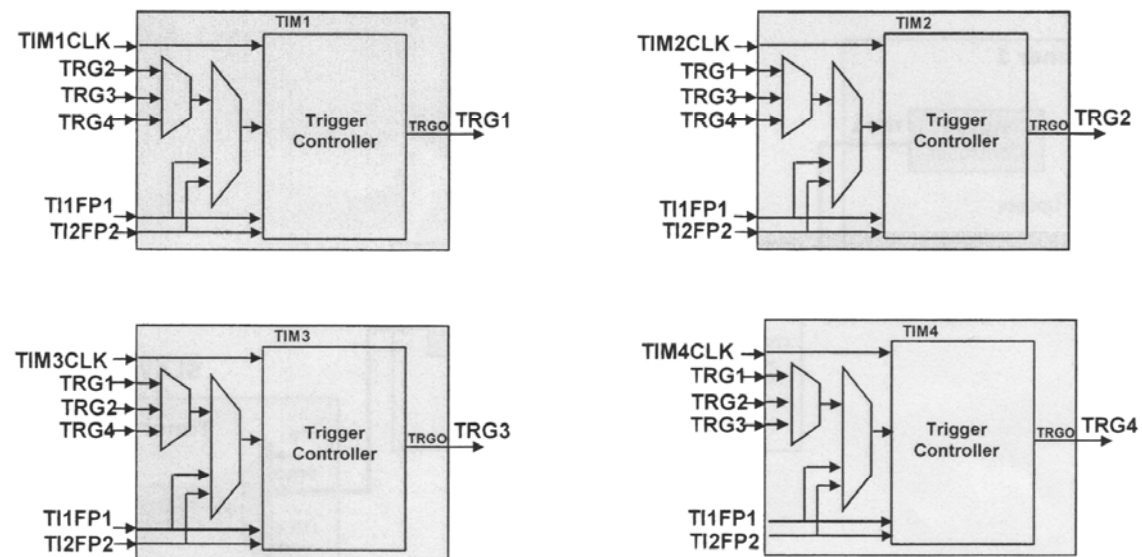
- Slave mode: Gated mode





Timer synchronization

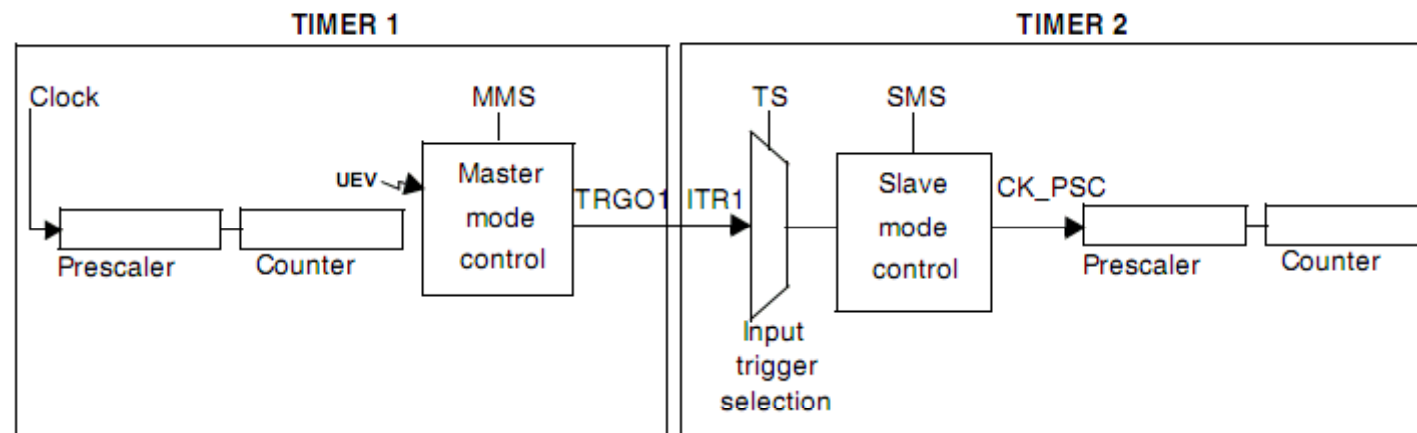
- The four Timers are link together for timers synchronization or chaining
- Using one timer as prescaler for the another





Timer synchronization(cont.)

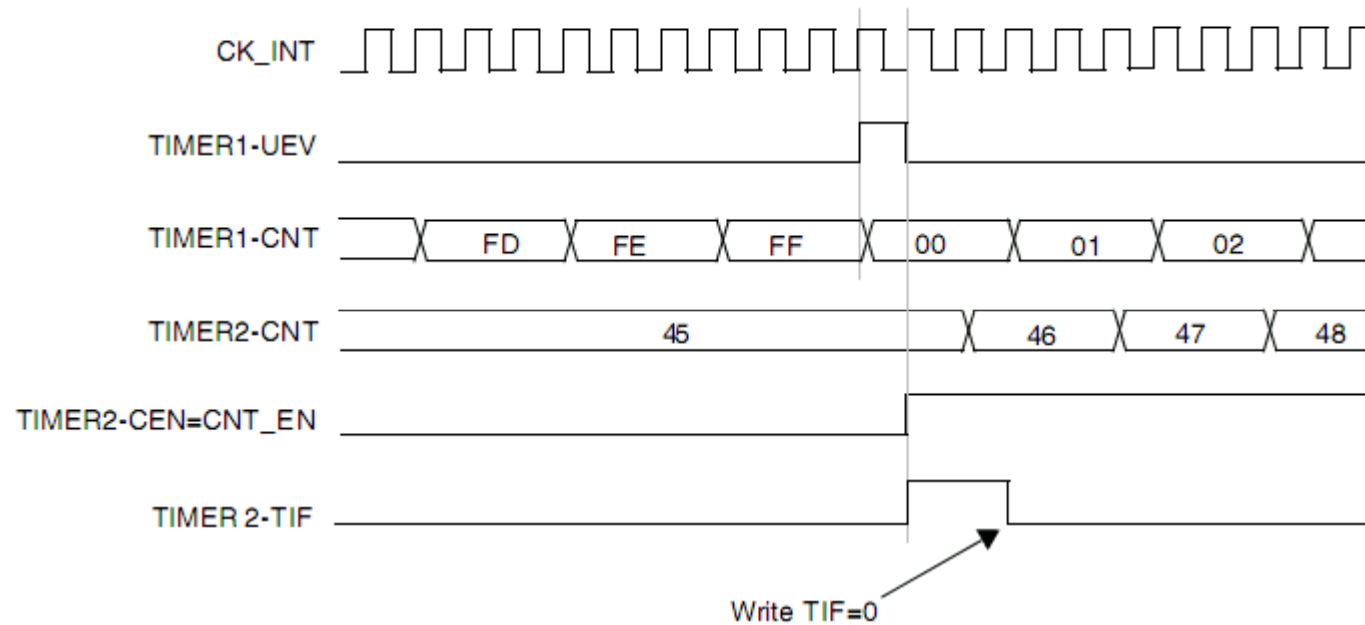
- Using one timer as prescaler for the another





Timer synchronization(cont.)

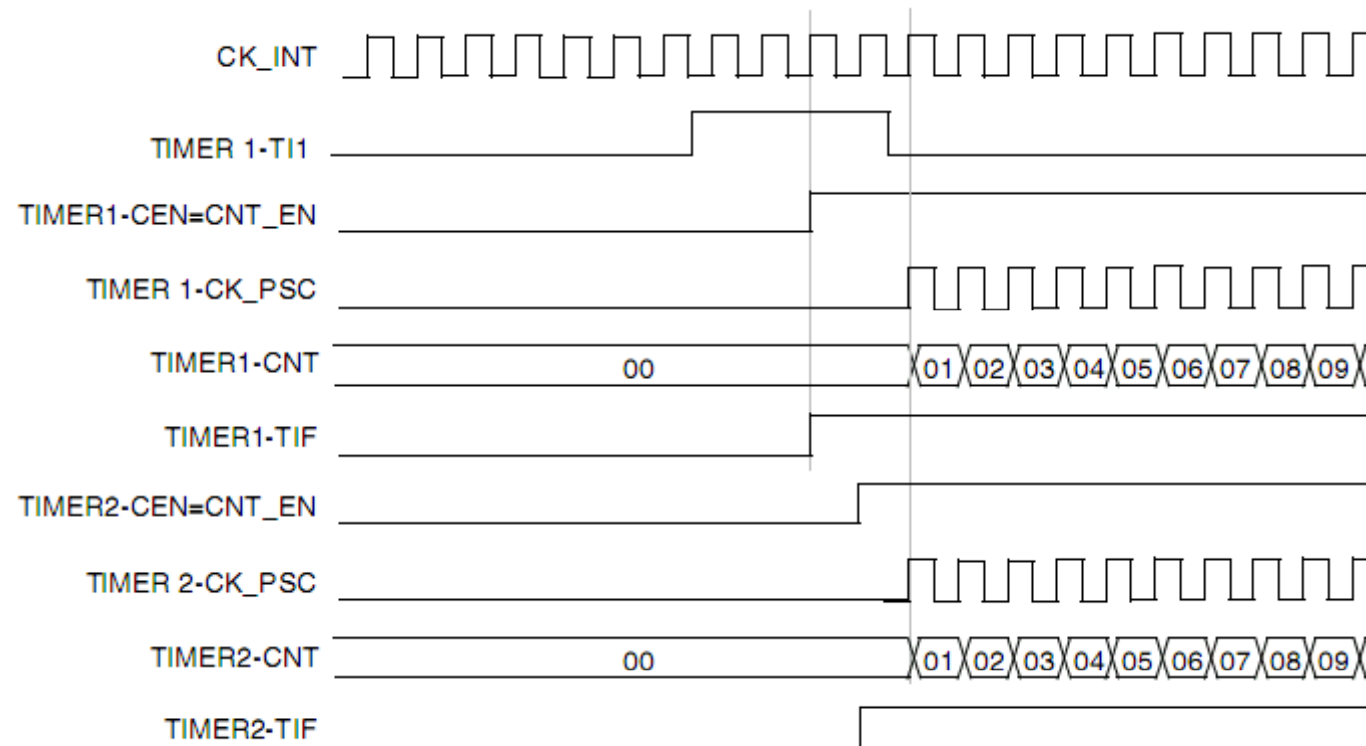
- Using one timer to start another timer





Timer synchronization(cont.)

- Starting 2 timers synchronously in response to an external trigger





Development Flow

Embedded Software Side

Connect the EVB
and the IOB

Programming

Bootup
STM32F10x

RCC Configure

GPIO Configure

TIMsConfigure

NVIC Configure

```
int main(void)
{
    #ifdef DEBUG
        debug();
    #endif

    /* System clocks configuration -----*/
    RCC_Configuration();

    /* NVIC configuration -----*/
    NVIC_Configuration();

    /* Configure TIMs -----*/
    TIM_Configuration();

    /* GPIO configuration -----*/
    GPIO_Configuration();

    while(1)
    {
    }
}
```



Configure RCC

RCC FwLib Functions List

Function name	Description
RCC_DeInit	Resets the RCC clock configuration to the default reset state.
RCC_HSEConfig	Configures the External High Speed oscillator (HSE).
RCC_WaitForHSEStartUp	Waits for HSE start-up.
RCC_HCLKConfig	Configures the AHB clock (HCLK).
RCC_PCLK1Config	Configures the Low Speed APB clock (PCLK1).
RCC_PCLK2Config	Configures the High Speed APB clock (PCLK2).
RCC_PLLConfig	Configures the PLL clock source and multiplication factor.
RCC_PLLCmd	Enables or disables the PLL.
RCC_SYSClkConfig	Configures the system clock (SYSClk).
RCC_APB2PeriphClockCmd	Enables or disables the High Speed APB (APB2) peripheral clock.

```

void RCC_Configuration(void)
{
    /* RCC system reset(for debug purpose) */
    RCC_DeInit();
    /* Enable HSE */
    RCC_HSEConfig(RCC_HSE_ON);
    /* Wait till HSE is ready */
    HSEStartUpStatus = RCC_WaitForHSEStartUp();
    if(HSEStartUpStatus == SUCCESS) {
        /* Enable Prefetch Buffer */
        FLASH_PrefetchBufferCmd(FLASH_PrefetchBuffer_Enable);
        /* Flash 2 wait state */
        FLASH_SetLatency(FLASH_Latency_2);
        /* HCLK = SYSCLK */
        RCC_HCLKConfig(RCC_SYSCLK_Div1);
        /* PCLK2 = HCLK */
        RCC_PCLK2Config(RCC_HCLK_Div1);
        /* PCLK1 = HCLK/2 */
        RCC_PCLK1Config(RCC_HCLK_Div2);
        /* ADCCLK = PCLK2/4 */
        RCC_ADCCLKConfig(RCC_PCLK2_Div4);
        /* PLLCLK = 8MHz * 7 = 56 MHz */
        RCC_PLLConfig(RCC_PLLSource_HSE_Div1, RCC_PLLMul_7);
        /* Enable PLL */
        RCC_PLLCmd(ENABLE);
        /* Wait till PLL is ready */
        while(RCC_GetFlagStatus(RCC_FLAG_PLLRDY) == RESET) { }
        /* Select PLL as system clock source */
        RCC_SYSClkConfig(RCC_SYSClkSource_PLLCLK);
        /* Wait till PLL is used as system clock source */
        while(RCC_GetSYSClkSource() != 0x08) { }
    }
    /* Enable peripheral clocks -----*/
    /* Enable GPIO_A clock */
    RCC_APB2PeriphClockCmd(RCC_APB2Periph_GPIO_LED, ENABLE);

    /* Enable TIM2, TIM3 and TIM4 and TIM5 clocks */
    RCC_APB1PeriphClockCmd(RCC_APB1Periph_TIM2 | RCC_APB1Periph_TIM3 |
        RCC_APB1Periph_TIM4 | RCC_APB1Periph_TIM5, ENABLE);
}

```



Configure GPIO

GPIO FwLib Functions List

Function name	Description
GPIO_DeInit	Resets the GPIOx peripheral registers to their default reset values.
GPIO_AFIODeInit	Resets the Alternate Functions (remap, event control and EXTI configuration) registers to their default reset values.
GPIO_Init	Initializes the GPIOx peripheral according to the specified parameters in the GPIO_InitStruct.
GPIO_StructInit	Fills each GPIO_InitStruct member with its default value.
GPIO_ReadInputDataBit	Reads the specified input port pin
GPIO_ReadInputData	Reads the specified GPIO input data port
GPIO_ReadOutputDataBit	Reads the specified output data port bit
GPIO_ReadOutputData	Reads the specified GPIO output data port
GPIO_SetBits	Sets the selected data port bits
GPIO_ResetBits	Clears the selected data port bits
GPIO_WriteBit	Sets or clears the selected data port bit
GPIO_Write	Writes data to the specified GPIO data port
GPIO_PinLockConfig	Locks GPIO Pins configuration registers
GPIO_EventOutputConfig	Selects the GPIO pin used as Event output.
GPIO_EventOutputCmd	Enables or disables the Event Output.
GPIO_PinRemapConfig	Changes the mapping of the specified pin.
GPIO_EXTILineConfig	Selects the GPIO pin used as EXTI Line.

```
void GPIO_Configuration(void)
{
    GPIO_InitTypeDef GPIO_InitStructure;

    /* Configure GPIO_A pin 5, 6, 7, 8, as output push-pull */
    GPIO_InitStructure.GPIO_Pin = GPIO_Pin_6 | GPIO_Pin_7 | GPIO_Pin_8;
    GPIO_InitStructure.GPIO_Mode = GPIO_Mode_Out_PP;
    GPIO_InitStructure.GPIO_Speed = GPIO_Speed_50MHz;
    GPIO_Init(GPIO_A, &GPIO_InitStructure);
}
```



Configure TIMs

```
void TIM_Configuration(void)
{
    TIM_TimeBaseInitTypeDef TIM_TimeBaseStructure;
    TIM_OCInitTypeDef TIM_OCInitStructure;

    /* TIM2 configuration */
    TIM_TimeBaseStructure.TIM_Period = 0x4AF;
    TIM_TimeBaseStructure.TIM_Prescaler = 0xEA5F;
    TIM_TimeBaseStructure.TIM_ClockDivision = 0x0;
    TIM_TimeBaseStructure.TIM_CounterMode = TIM_CounterMode_Up;
    TIM_TimeBaseStructure.TIM_RepetitionCounter = 0x0000;
    TIM_TimeBaseInit(TIM2, &TIM_TimeBaseStructure);

    TIM_OCStructInit(&TIM_OCInitStructure);
    /* Output Compare Timing Mode configuration: Channel1 */
    TIM_OCInitStructure.TIM_OCMode = TIM_OCMode_Timing;
    TIM_OCInitStructure.TIM_Pulse = 0x0;
    TIM_OC1Init(TIM2, &TIM_OCInitStructure);

    /* TIM3 configuration */
    TIM_TimeBaseStructure.TIM_Period = 0x95F;

    TIM_TimeBaseInit(TIM3, &TIM_TimeBaseStructure);
    /* Output Compare Timing Mode configuration: Channel1 */
    TIM_OC1Init(TIM3, &TIM_OCInitStructure);
    .....

    /* TIM2 enable counter */
    TIM_Cmd(TIM2, ENABLE);
    .....

    /* Immediate load of TIM2 Prescaler value */
    TIM_PrescalerConfig(TIM2, 0xEA5F, TIM_PSCReloadMode_Immediate);
    .....

    /* Clear TIM2 update pending flag */
    TIM_ClearFlag(TIM2, TIM_FLAG_Update);
    .....

    /* Enable TIM2 Update interrupt */
    TIM_ITConfig(TIM2, TIM_IT_Update, ENABLE);
}
}
```



Configure NVIC

```
/* Configure one bit for preemption priority */
NVIC_PriorityGroupConfig(NVIC_PriorityGroup_2);

/* Enable the TIM2 Interrupt */
NVIC_InitStructure.NVIC_IRQChannel = TIM2_IRQChannel;
NVIC_InitStructure.NVIC_IRQChannelPreemptionPriority = 0;
NVIC_InitStructure.NVIC_IRQChannelSubPriority = 0;
NVIC_InitStructure.NVIC_IRQChannelCmd = ENABLE;
NVIC_Init(&NVIC_InitStructure);

/* Enable the TIM3 Interrupt */
NVIC_InitStructure.NVIC_IRQChannel = TIM3_IRQChannel;
NVIC_InitStructure.NVIC_IRQChannelPreemptionPriority = 1;
NVIC_Init(&NVIC_InitStructure);

/* Enable the TIM4 Interrupt */
NVIC_InitStructure.NVIC_IRQChannel = TIM4_IRQChannel;
NVIC_InitStructure.NVIC_IRQChannelPreemptionPriority = 2;
NVIC_Init(&NVIC_InitStructure);

/* Enable the TIM5 Interrupt */
NVIC_InitStructure.NVIC_IRQChannel = TIM5_IRQChannel;
NVIC_InitStructure.NVIC_IRQChannelPreemptionPriority = 3;
NVIC_Init(&NVIC_InitStructure);
```



IRQ Service

```
void TIM2_IRQHandler(void)
{
    /* Clear TIM2 update interrupt */
    TIM_ClearITPendingBit(TIM2, TIM_IT_Update);

    /* Toggle GPIO_LED pin 5 */
    GPIO_WriteBit(GPIO_A, GPIO_Pin_5, (BitAction)(1 - GPIO_ReadOutputDataBit(GPIO_A, GPIO_Pin_5)));
}
```



硬體電路配置

- LED 電路配置
 - 硬體接線示意圖
-



實驗步驟

- 軟體設置
 - 原始碼檔案瀏覽
 - 編譯燒錄程式並觀察結果
-



檔案目錄結構

<目錄>/檔案	說明
	<..\Timer_Counter\E1>
<project>	單元實驗Project目錄
<source>	程式碼目錄
<include>	引入檔目錄
<library>	函式庫目錄
<image>	燒錄配置檔目錄
	<..\Timer_Counter\E1\image>
Lab.dfu	燒錄配置檔
	<..\Timer_Counter\E1\source>
hw_config.c	硬體配置程式
lcd_func.c	Text LCD 控制程式
stm32f10x_it.c	中斷服務程式



編譯燒錄程式並觀察結果

- 完成系統硬體設置之工作後，依 MIAT STM32 user manual (ch3, ch4)之操作指示，將編譯後的hex檔轉換為dfu
- 透過USB 燒錄dfu檔
- 觀看4顆LED是否Delay 1s, 2s, 3s, 4s後閃爍



實作重點提示

- 觀察部份原始碼檔案，藉以了解程式架構
- 將程式改為控制1個Timer的4個channel達成與E1相同的效果
- 修改IRQ，將時間結果顯示於Text LCD，完成簡易碼錶。



實際操作

操作時間 ~ (90min)



習作及參考資料

□ 參考資料

[1] MIAT_STM32_user_manual_V1.00.pdf

[2] STM32F10xxx reference manual.pdf

[3] STM32F103XX firmware library.pdf

[4] Code-O-Rama Design Contest Training



Q & A
